



NC Broadband Matters Zoomcast:

THE REAL COST OF FIBER

February 22





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The Real Cost of Fiber -Aerial Construction

Gene Scott General Manager OSP City of Wilson

Things to Consider when constructing a new fiber optic facility as all factors affect cost

- Who owns the poles: Pole ownership can affect cost due to permitting fees. These fees can be reoccurring each year for every attachment.
- Condition of the pole line: This will affect the make ready costs as factors such as height and class of pole, age of pole, can proper clearances be obtained (from other utilities on pole and over streets / highways), can pole be accessed by trucks or will it have to be climbed.
- Will your organization have the resources to maintain plant in house or will it be contracted out.





Considerations continued



- Permitting Fees: pole attachment fees can range from \$5.00 to \$15.00 per attachment per pole
- For example using 22 poles per mile and a single attachment \$110.00 to \$330.00 in fees could be incurred per mile each year.
- Make Ready Cost (cost to bring pole in compliance with NESC and / or owners specifications) to be able to make the new attachment vary widely. There may be no cost for some poles and considerable cost for others



Considerations Continued



- One actual example was a make ready charge of \$42,000.00 for seven pole attachments
- If trucks can access pole then speed of construction increases and cost per mile drops. If each pole has to be climbed by a lineman (mountainous areas for example) then production drops and costs increase
- Another permitting fee example would be railroad crossings. \$10,000+ to prepare and submit the required engineering drawings.



Examples of Aerial Construction Costs Materials and labor excluding Splicing Based on a 288F Cable



- \$15,420.00 to \$21,588.00 per mile for stand and lash method. Note this type of construction would be located in the communications space on the pole.
- \$23,647.00 to \$33,106.00 per mile for ADSS construction. Note Based on being constructed in the supply space on the pole.



THE REAL COST OF FIBER UNDERGROUND CONSTRUCTION

GREG COLTRAIN – VP BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FEBRUARY 22, 2021

- Fiber Count/Network Design
- Installation Labor
- Urban vs Rural
- Terrain
- Other Factors



- Size of Cable
- Placement of Electronics
- Active Network
- Passive Optical Network (PON)
- Splitter Types (32/16/8)



- Fiber Count/Network Design
- Installation Labor
- Urban vs Rural
- Terrain
- Other Factors



- In House vs. Contract Labor
- Davis Bacon (Prevailing Wage)
- Trenching, Plowing, Boring



- Fiber Count/Network Design
- Installation Labor
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- Other Factors



- What Is In My Path
- Locates
- Permits
- Easements / Right of ways



- Fiber Count/Network Design
- Installation Labor
- Urban vs Rural

• Terrain

Other Factors



- Mountain, Piedmont, Coastal
- Rock Boring (\$150-\$200)
- Steep Inclines
- Little to No Shoulder
- Clay, Swamp, Sand



- Fiber Count/Network Design
- Installation Labor
- Urban vs Rural
- Terrain
- Other Factors

RSN Buried Fiber Cost Per Mile Avg \$28,000 - \$60,000 (Rural)



- Railways
- Bridges (Bodies of Water)
- Demand for Materials
- Demand for Labor
- Impacts of COVID-19



Drop and CPE Cost

- Avg Drop (175-250 ft)
- Optical Network Terminal
- Battery (8hr/20hr)
- Inside Wiring
- Wireless Router



- Drop (\$1.25-\$1.95 per ft)
- ONT (\$400-\$500)
- Battery (\$35-\$65)
- Wiring (\$375-\$450)
- Router (\$65-\$150)

\$1,200-\$2,400 Per Cust.



Greg Coltrain

VP Business Development

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Questions?





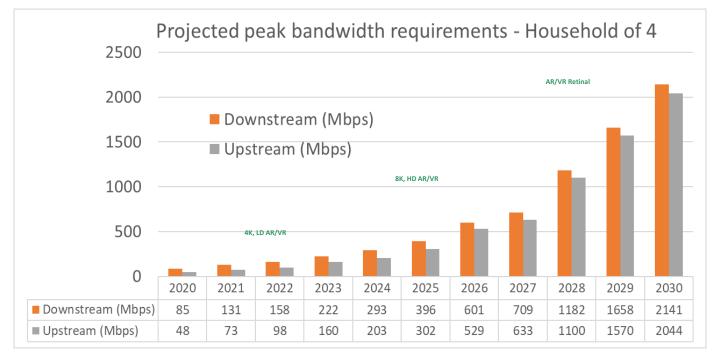
The Real Cost of Fiber – Additional datapoints

Mark Boxer

Technical Manager, Solutions and Applications Engineering OFS

Demand continues to increase

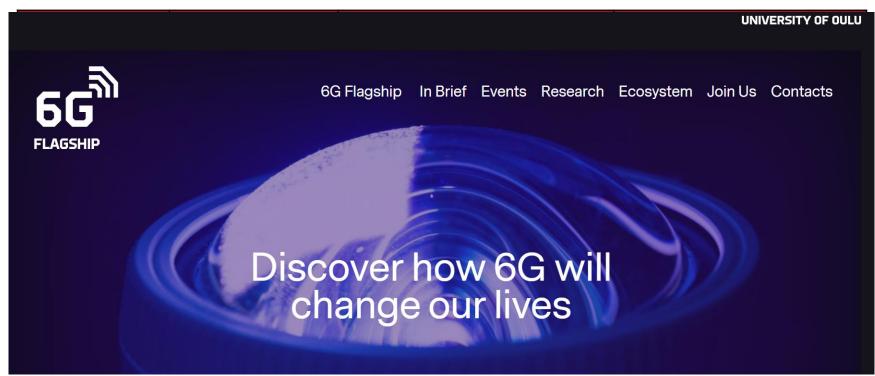




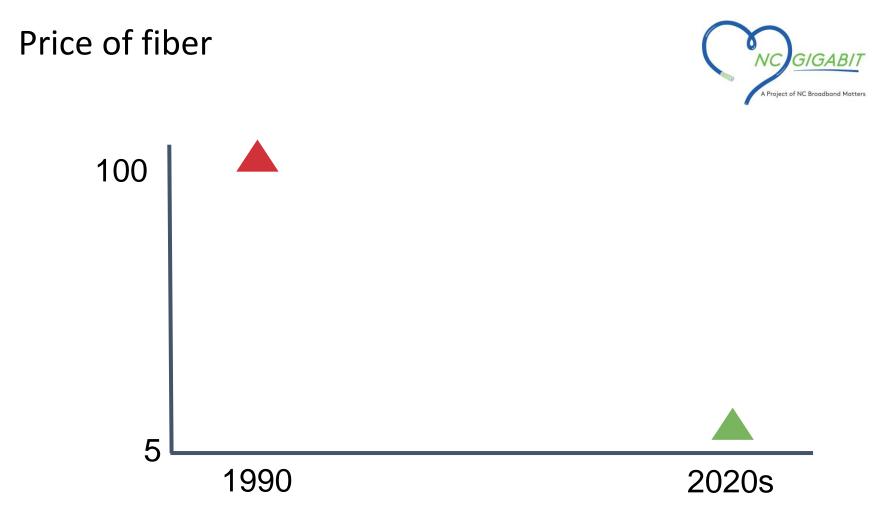
FBA 2020 Technology Committee Analysis

Fiber is a long-lived asset





Fiber stands the test of time.

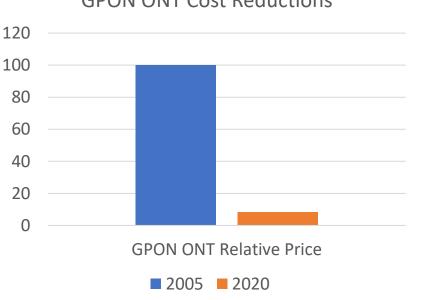


Additional cost improvements over the years

GPON ONT Cost Reductions

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- GPON ONT (device that converts light to electricity at the home) Cost reduction by 90+%
- Adoption of fiber optic ribbons requires 1/12th the splicing
- Plug and play pre-connectorized connections reduce installation time
- Splicer machine cost reductions by 67% from 2000s



Fiber is rugged and reliable



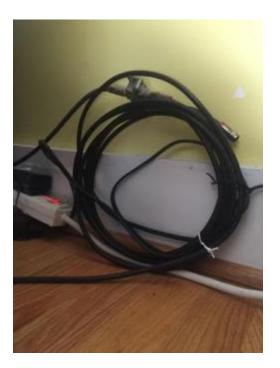


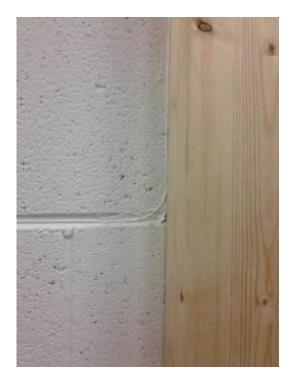


• Ultra bend insensitive fibers enable deployments previously in areas previously unattainable by fiber

Fiber is less intrusive and easier to install



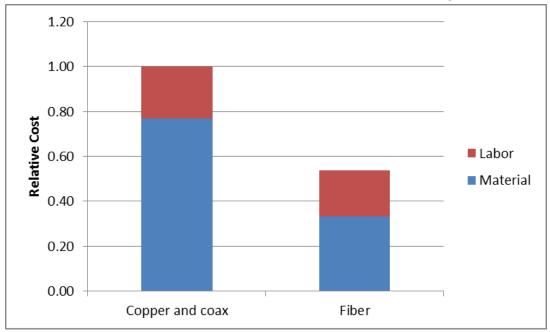




Cost comparison



Metal cables vs. fiber in a building



NRTC experience – 36 electric coops



Rural Electric Cooperative Broadband Benchmarking Report

Results and insights from a comprehensive data gathering exercise

November 10, 2020

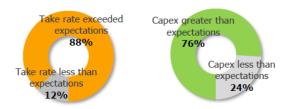
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Deployment statistics and cost/revenue metrics

	Miles	Sites	Homes	Take Rate	ARPU (2)
Min	50	6	ЗК	11%	\$45
25th % (1)	1,100	25	12K	43%	\$60
50th %	2,000	50	23K	46%	\$74
75th %	3,050	74	32K	52%	\$92
Мах	14,000	825	285K	80%	\$130

	Capex per mile					
_	Aerial	Make Ready	Under- ground	Capex/ Drop	Total Capex	IRR
Min	\$13K	\$0.6K	\$24K	\$400	\$5M	1%
25th %	\$17K	\$1.4K	\$36K	\$834	\$29M	8%
50th %	\$20K	\$2.5K	\$49K	\$1,385	\$65M	10%
75th %	\$26K	\$3.8K	\$59K	\$2,051	\$84M	13%
Max	\$33K	\$12.0K	\$120K	\$3,200	\$176M	14%



(1) Represents the 25th percentile; (2) Residential ARPU

Case study – Gibson EMC, Western TN/KY

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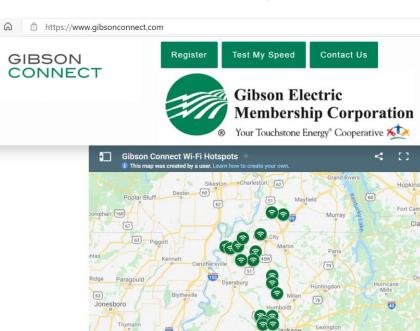


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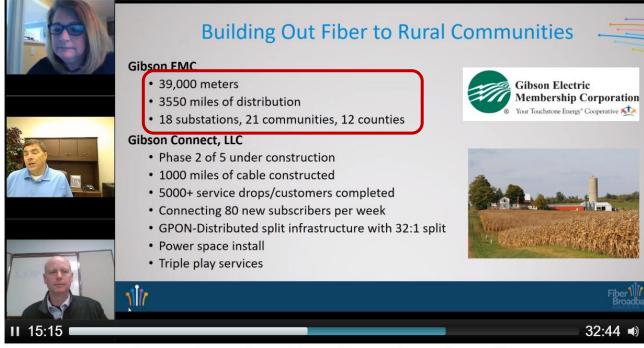


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Case study – Gibson EMC, Western TN/KY



- 21 communities, 12 counties, no WalMart
- Service area includes 13th poorest county in the nation



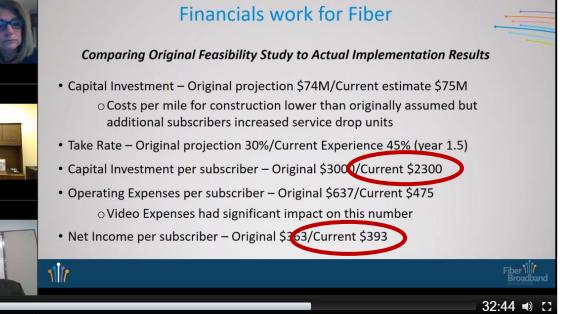
Fiber for Breakfast, Week 10_ Building out Fiber Networks to Rural Communities.mp4

Gibson EMC - Tennessee



- 40% subscription rate
- •\$18,000/mile construction costs (material + labor)
- Opex driven significantly by video expenses



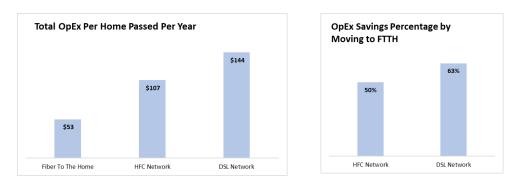


Fiber for Breakfast, Week 10_Building out Fiber Networks to Rural Communities.mp4

Cost comparison – OpEX and Reliability

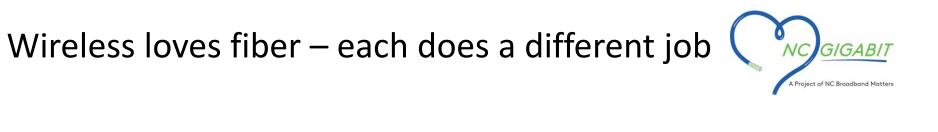


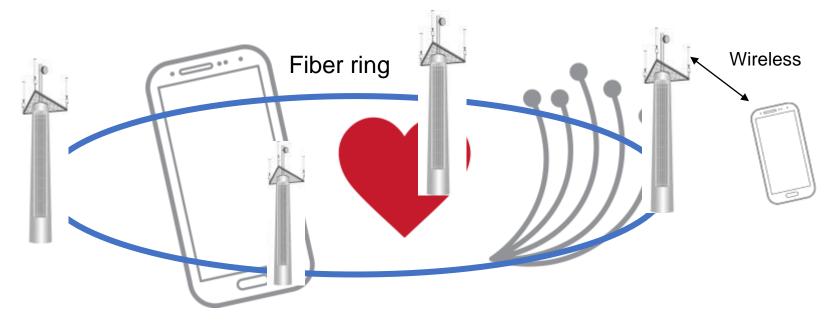
- Fiber networks are lower cost to operate
- Lower powering, churn, customer support calls than coax or copper
- Limited data on wireless
- No data on high speed satellite





Hypothetical powered items in a 40 Km area. Each powered item is a potential network failure point. Source: FBA, Operational Expense in Access Networks paper, 2020





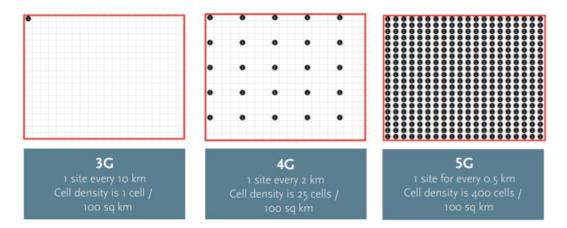
(and vice versa)

Total cost of ownership – fiber and wireless



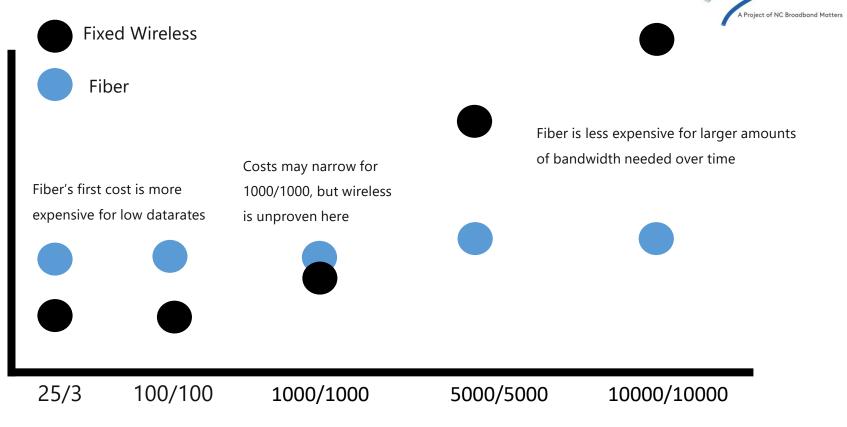
to go from 3G to 4G requires 25X more fiber and 5G requires at least 16X more fiber

- Bandwidth decreases with distance from the wireless site
- More bandwidth requires closer wireless site spacings
- More wireless sites require more fiber to feed them



SOURCE: Fiber Broadband Association 2017 Annual Report

Total cost of ownership – think long-term



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Service provided (downstream/upstream, Mbps)

Summary



- Many factors affect the "real" cost of fiber
 - Aerial construction factors
 - Underground construction factors
- Fiber is a long-lived asset
- Wireless and fiber are complementary technologies
 - Wireless shouldn't serve as a substitute for fiber and vice-versa
- Fiber has the lowest cost of ownership over the long-term